10 minutes Break Announce the return time and write it on the b
--

5 minutes Attendance Also project the "Class Reminders" slide.

20 minutes Cadaver Video: Acland's DVD Atlas of Human Anatomy

55 minutes Anatomy in Clay

20 minutes **Break** Announce the return time and write it on the board.

30 minutes 17b Kinesiology Quiz

60 minutes **Palpation**

10 minutes Break down, clean up, and circle up

3h 30m Total Class Time

Quizzes and Exams:

- 17b Kinesiology Quiz NOW!!
- 19a Quiz (study all material from classes 13a, 14a, 15a, 16a, and 17a)
- 21a Exam (1b, 2a, 2b, 3a, 3b, 4a, 5a, 6a, 7a, 8b, 9a, 9b, 11a, 12a, 13a, 13b, 15a, 16a, 17a, 17b, and 18a)

Assignments:

■ 30a Review Questions (A: 141-158)

Preparation for upcoming classes:

- 18a H&H: Therapeutic Relationships- Conflict, Transference, Dual Relationships, and Sexual Misconduct
- 18b Swedish: Technique Review and Practice Chest, Arms, Neck, Face, and Scalp
 - Packet F: 55-56, and 58
- 21b CPR/ First Aid: This class cannot cannot be made in the make-up room. To schedule a sit-in, students should contact the Student Administrator. To be exempt, bring a copy of your CPR & first aid certificate.

Classmarker

Grading your Quiz/Exam

- Classmarker will automatically grade your assignment and email you a copy of your completed test.
- Retakes. If you did not pass a test you may reserve space in the make-up room. If you are not making up hours, your time there will be at no cost. Retakes may be done at anytime before a student graduates. You may retake it for a grade up to a 70. These are done on paper copies.
- Please refer to your assignment grid on pages A: 29-32.

Cadaver Video

- Frontalis and Occipitalis
- <u>Temporalis and Masseter</u>
- Sternocleidomastoid
- Scalenes
- Biceps Brachii
- Coracobrachialis

Anatomy in Clay

Write this list on the board and turn the projector off for now:

- Biceps brachii
- Coracobrachialis
- Sternocleidomastoid
- Levator scapula
- Scalenes
- Frontalis
- Occipitalis
- Temporalis
- Masseter

Palpation

Set Up by the Students

- Students form groups of 3.
- Each group sets up a table and gets 1 face cradle, 1 bolster, and 2 chairs.
- Receivers must remain clothed.
- There will be no need of sheets except for a face cradle cover.

Demo and Practice

- All of the students come to a central table to watch a brief demonstration of how to palpate one of the focus muscles:
 - List and identify the bony landmarks, especially origins and insertions.
 - List and identify the muscle bellies and tendons.
 - List and explain the actions.
 - Demo how to palpate the muscle while simultaneously offer resistance to the action, "Contract, relax. Contract, relax."
 - The students go back to their table to practice the palpation.
 - 2 students palpate the third student collaboratively.
 - The instructor and assistant circulate to offer guidance and touch comparisons:
- This process repeats for each muscle that will be palpated.
- Once all the focus muscles have been palpated on the first student, repeat the process so that each student will palpate twice and be palpated once.

Levator Scapula, page 84

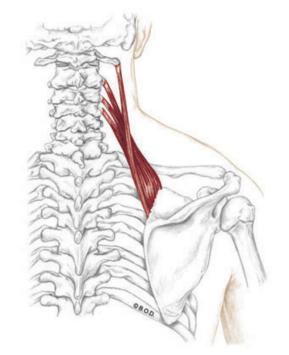
A Unilaterally:

Elevate the scapula, AKA: scapulothoracic joint Downwardly rotate the scapula, AKA: S/T joint Laterally flex the head and neck Rotate the head and neck to the same side

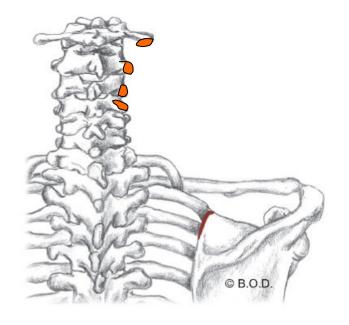
Bilaterally:

Extend the head and neck

- Transverse processes of first through fourth cervical vertebrae
- Medial border of scapula, between superior angle and superior portion of spine of scapula



Posterior View



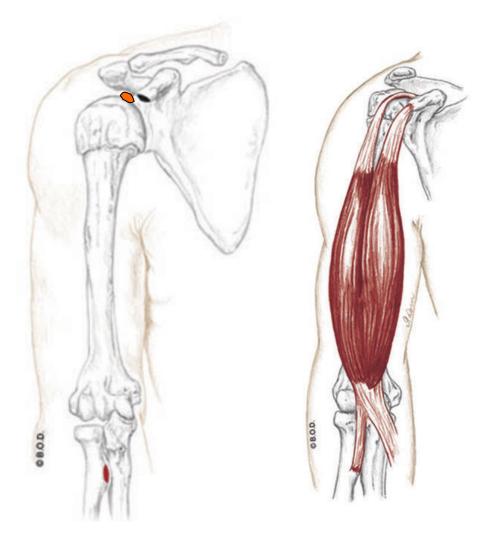
Biceps Brachii, page 95

A Flex the elbow or humeroulnar joint Supinate the forearm or radioulnar joint Flex the shoulder or glenohumeral joint

O Short head:
Coracoid process of scapula

Long head: Supraglenoid tubercle of scapula

Tuberosity of the radius Aponeurosis of the biceps brachii

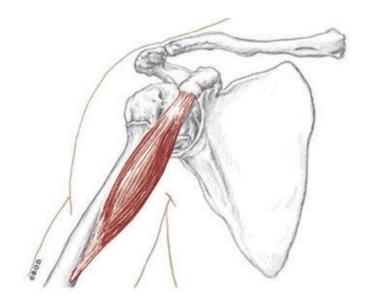


Anterior View

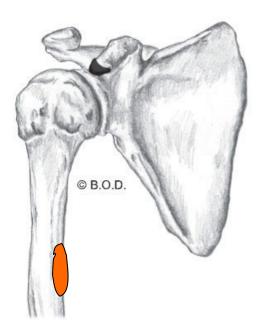
Coracobrachialis, page 99

A Flex the shoulder or glenohumeral joint Adduct shoulder or glenohumeral joint

- Coracoid process of scapula
- Medial surface of mid-humeral shaft



Anterior View



Sternocleidomastoid, page 244

A Unilaterally:

Laterally flex the head and neck to the same side

Rotate the head and neck to the opposite side

Bilaterally:

Flex the head and neck Assist to elevate the ribcage during inhalation

Sternal head:
Top of manubrium

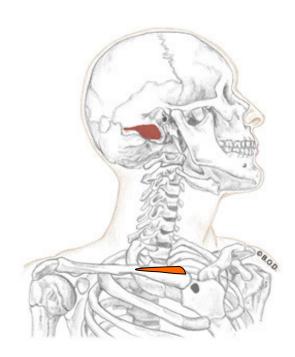
Clavicular head:

Medial one-third of the clavicle

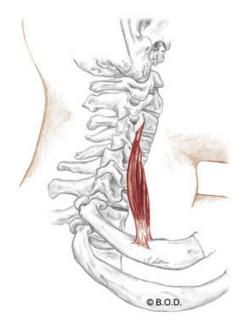
Mastoid process of temporal bone
Lateral portion of superior nuchal line of occiput



Lateral View

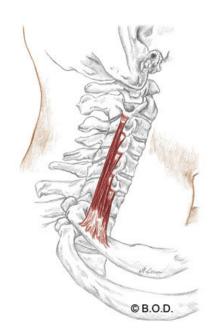


Anterior scalene



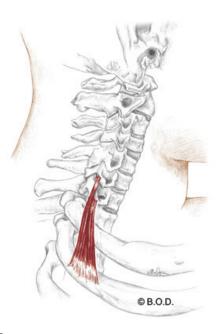
- Transverse processes of the C3-C6 (anterior tubercle)
- First rib

Middle scalene



- Transverse processes of the C2-C7 (posterior tubercle)
- First rib

Posterior scalene



- Transverse processes of the C6-C7 (posterior tubercle)
- Second rib

Occipitofrontalis, page 258

A Frontalis:

Raise the eyebrows and wrinkle the forehead

Occipitalis:

Anchor and retract the galea posteriorly

- Both: Galea aponeurotica
- Frontalis:
 Skin superior to eyebrows

Occipitalis:

Superior nuchal line of the occiput



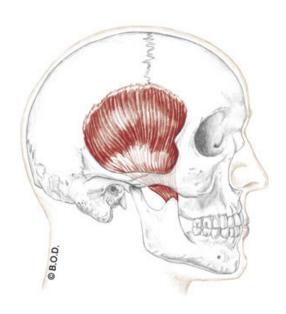
Lateral View

Temporalis, page 251

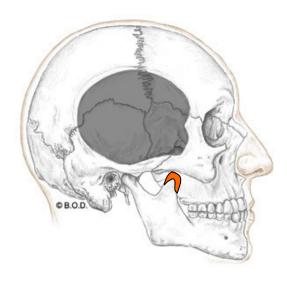
A Elevate the mandible (temporomandibular joint)

Retract the mandible (temporomandibular joint)

- Temporal fossa
 Temporal fascia
- Coronoid process of the mandible
 Anterior edge of the ramus of the mandible



Lateral View



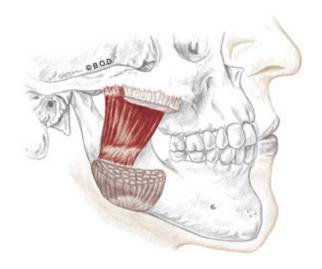
Masseter, page 250

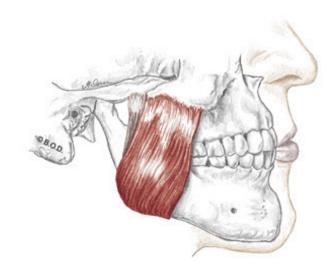
A Elevate the mandible (temporomandibular joint)

May assist to protract the mandible (TM joint)



Angle of the mandible Ramus of the mandible





Lateral View

