10 minutes	Break Announce the return time and write it on the board.
5 minutes	Attendance Also project the "Class Reminders" slide.
20 minutes	Cadaver Video: Acland's DVD Atlas of Human Anatomy
55 minutes	Anatomy in Clay
20 minutes	Break Announce the return time and write it on the board.
30 minutes	51b Kinesiology Quiz
60 minutes	Palpation
<u>10 minutes</u> 3h 30m	Break down, clean up, and circle up Total Class Time

ABMP Exam Coach

- "Access your ABMP account" using instructions on page A-74
- Familiarize yourself with ABMP Exam Coach, especially the "Study Subjects" section
- Preview the preparation assignments for MBLEx Prep classes (74a, 75a, 80a, 81a, 84a, 86a, 87a)

Assignments:

- **5**3a Internship Orientation Review Questions (Due before class starts. Packet A: 179-180).
- **5**5a Review Questions (Due before class starts. Packet A: 181-194).

Quizzes:

51b Kinesiology Quiz NOW!!

Preparation for upcoming classes:

- **52a** Pathology: Nervous System
 - Werner: Chapter 4
 - Packet E: 117-122.
 - **RQ** Packet A: 179-180.
 - **RQ** Packet A: 190-191.
- 52b Integration Massage: Deep Swedish
 - Packet D: 1-4.
- 56a/b Internship: This class cannot be made up in the make-up room. To schedule a sit-in, please contact the Student Administrator.



Classmarker

Grading your Quiz/Exam

- Classmarker will automatically grade your assignment and email you a copy of your completed test.
- Retakes. If you did not pass a test you may reserve space in the make-up room.
 If you are not making up hours, your time there will be at no cost. Retakes may
 be done at anytime before a student graduates. You may retake it for a grade up
 to a 70. These are done on paper copies.
- Please refer to your assignment grid on pages A: 29-32.



Cadaver Video

Brachialis, biceps, and brachioradialis Finger flexors Finger extensors

Anatomy in Clay

- Brachialis
- Brachioradialis
- Flexor digitorum superficialis
- Extensor digitorum

Palpation

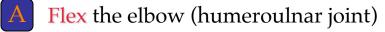
Set Up by the Students

- Students form groups of 3.
- Each group sets up a table and gets 1 face cradle, 1 bolster, and 2 chairs.
- Receivers must remain clothed.
- There will be no need of sheets except for a face cradle cover.

Demo and Practice

- All of the students come to a central table to watch a brief demonstration of how to palpate one of the focus muscles:
 - List and identify the bony landmarks, especially origins and insertions.
 - List and identify the muscle bellies and tendons.
 - List and explain the actions.
 - Demo how to palpate the muscle while simultaneously offer resistance to the action, "Contract, relax. Contract, relax."
 - The students go back to their table to practice the palpation.
 - 2 students palpate the third student collaboratively.
 - The instructor and assistant circulate to offer guidance and touch comparisons:
- This process repeats for each muscle that will be palpated.
- Once all the focus muscles have been palpated on the first student, repeat the process so that each student will palpate twice and be palpated once.

Brachialis, page 132

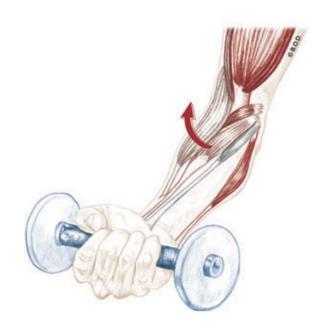


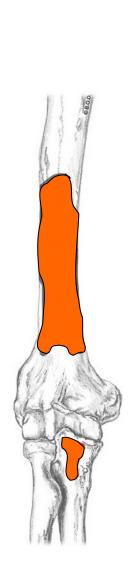


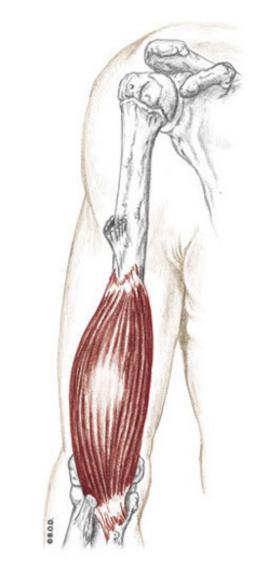
Distal half of anterior surface of humerus

Tuberosity of the ulna

Coronoid process of the ulna







Anterior View

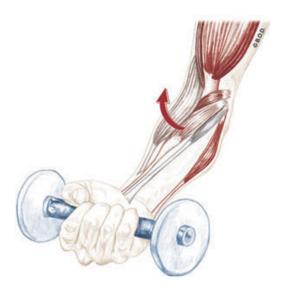
Brachioradialis, page 133

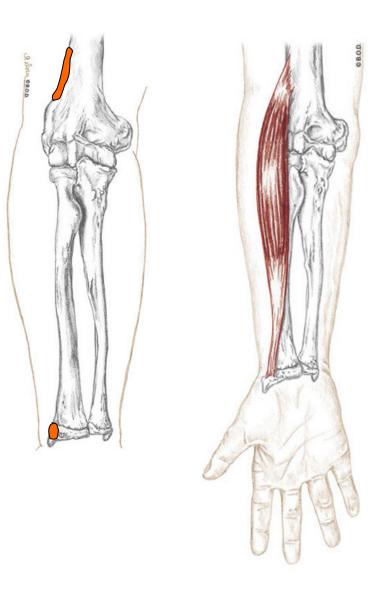
Flex the elbow (humeroulnar joint)

Assist to **pronate and supinate** the forearm when these movements are resisted

Proximal two-thirds of the lateral supracondylar ridge of the humerus

Styloid process of the radius





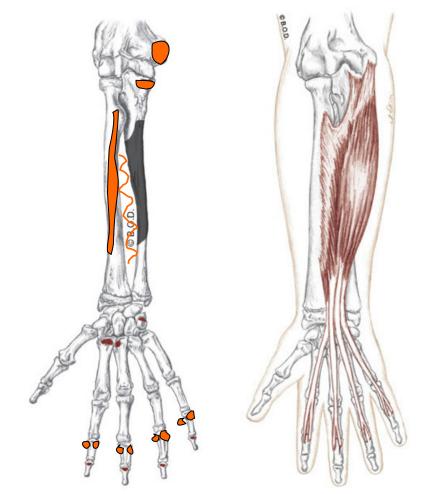
Anterior View

Flexor Digitorum Superficialis, page 142

Flex the second through fifth fingers (metacarpophalangeal and proximal interphalangeal joints)

Flex the wrist (radiocarpal joint)

- Common flexor tendon from medial epicondyle of humerus
- Ulnar collateral ligament
- Coronoid process of ulna
- Interosseous membrane
- Proximal shaft of radius



I Sides of middle phalanges of second through fifth fingers

Anterior View

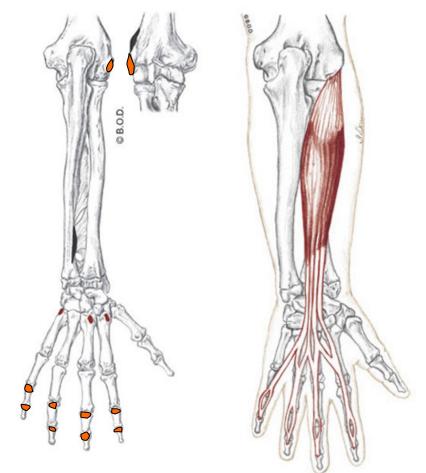
Extensor Digitorum, Trail Guide Page 136

Extend the second through fifth fingers (metacarpophalangeal and interphalangeal joints)

Assist to **extend** the wrist (radiocarpal joint)

Common extensor tendon from lateral epicondyle of the humerus

Bases of middle and distal phalanges of second through fifth fingers



Posterior View